

14TH FLYING TRAINING WING



Colonel James Blech
Commander, 14th Flying Training Wing

Colonel Jonathan Cato
Deputy Commander, 14th Flying Training Wing

Chief Master Sergeant Todd Rosenzweig
Command Chief, 14th Flying Training Wing

Colonel Nicholas Lofthouse
Commander, 14th Operations Group

Colonel Scott Ryder
Commander, 14th Mission Support Group

Colonel Francisco Catalá
Commander, 14th Medical Group



GRADUATION PROGRAM

Stage Party Processional

Invocation

Chaplain Carlos Ramos

Graduation Address

Colonel Nicholas Lofthouse

Presentation of Awards

Official Stage Party

Presentation of Aeronautical Orders

Colonel Nicholas Lofthouse

Stage Party Recessional

COLONEL NICHOLAS S. LOFTHOUSE



Colonel Nicholas S. Lofthouse is the Commander, 14th Operations Group, Columbus AFB, Mississippi. The Group conducts Pilot Training and Introduction to Fighter Fundamentals for more than 400 U.S. Air Force and international officers each year with a fleet of 212 T-6A, T-38C and T-1A aircraft and 27 flight simulators at Columbus AFB. He oversees an air traffic control complex with over 300,000 aircraft movements annually and his command includes seven squadrons with over 1,300 officers, civilians, enlisted, and contract personnel.

Col Lofthouse entered the Air Force in 2003 through the United States Air Force Academy. He earned a Bachelor of Science in Military History from the Air Force Academy, a Master of Science in Quantitative Finance from the University of London, a Master of Arts in Military Operational Art and Science from Air Command and Staff College at Air University, and most recently a Master of Science in National Security and Resource Strategy from the Dwight D. Eisenhower School at National Defense University. Col Lofthouse graduated from SUPT at Columbus Air Force Base in 2004, and is a Command Pilot with over 1,200 flying hours in the T-38C, F-15A/B/C/D and F-22A. His flying duties include qualifications as an instructor pilot, flight evaluator, and mission commander. Previous assignments have included duties as a Flight Commander, Legislative Liaison for Alaskan Command and 11th Air Force, Requirements Officer on the Air Staff, Director of Operations for the 90th Fighter Squadron, and Commander of the 3rd Operations Support Squadron. Col Lofthouse has deployed to USPACOM and to Baghdad, Iraq, in 2017 as the Team Leader for the Air Defense Liaison Team. Prior to this assignment, he was the Future Operations Division Chief at the North American Aerospace Defense Command, in Colorado Springs, Colorado.

EDUCATION

2003 Bachelor of Science degree in Military History, U.S. Air Force Academy, CO.
2008 Squadron Officer School, Maxwell AFB, AL.
2010 Master of Science degree in Quantitative Finance, University of London, UK.
2015 Master of Arts degree in Military Operational Art and Science, Air Command and Staff College, Air University, Maxwell AFB, AL.
2021 Master of Science degree in National Security and Resource Strategy, Dwight D. Eisenhower School, National Defense University, Fort McNair, Washington, D.C.

FLIGHT INFORMATION

Rating: Command Pilot Flight hours: Over 1,200
Aircraft flown: T-37, T-38, F-15 A/B/C/D/E, F-22A

MAJOR AWARDS AND DECORATIONS

Defense Meritorious Service Medal Meritorious Service Medal (3 Oak Leaf Cluster)
Joint Service Commendation Medal
Air and Space Commendation Medal
Air and Space Achievement Medal
Joint Meritorious Unit Award
Meritorious Unit Award
Air and Space Outstanding Unit Award (2 Oak Leaf Cluster)
Combat Readiness Medal
National Defense Service Medal
Iraq Campaign Medal Operation INHERENT RESOLVE Campaign Medal (2 Bronze Star)
Global War on Terrorism Service Medal
Air and Space Overseas Ribbon - Long Tour (1 Oak Leaf Cluster)
Air and Space Expeditionary Service Ribbon

COLUMBUS AND NORTHEAST MISSISSIPPI

Columbus marks the place that Hernando de Soto crossed the Tombigbee River on his westward expedition in 1540. The Choctaw Indians owned the land until 1816 when they deeded it to the United States Government. The town, which sits atop a 125-foot bluff overlooking the Tombigbee River, began in 1817 with the arrival of a group of 20 pioneers. They set up a trading post named Possum Town, a name given by the Indians because of the "possum-like" features of one of the settlers, Spirus Roach.

The city was formally organized in 1821 and named Columbus by Silas McBee, another of the original settlers. Very quickly, Columbus grew to be the most prosperous center of northern Mississippi's plantation economy. Wealth from "King Cotton" enabled area planters to construct the numerous Greek, Gothic, and Italianate mansions and public buildings still in Columbus today.

During the Civil War, Columbus became a large Confederate arsenal and briefly served as the state's capital when Jackson fell in 1863. The city survived the destruction of the war and still has over 600 homes and buildings built in the antebellum period. Many of these homes are open to the public during the Columbus Pilgrimage each spring. Candlelight dinners and overnight bed and breakfast accommodations can also be arranged.

Nicknamed "The Friendly City," Columbus is the place where flowers healed a nation. In 1862, the Battle of Shiloh foreshadowed the bloody violence of the future Civil War battles. There were 1,500 Union and Confederate dead from the battle buried in Columbus. On April 25, 1866, the first Memorial Day was observed at the burial site dubbed Friendship Cemetery. On that April day, a group of Columbus ladies divided their flowers and laid them upon the graves of Union and Confederate soldiers alike. This action inspired the poem "The Blue and the Gray" and helped heal a wounded country.

Columbus is the birthplace and boyhood home of Pulitzer playwright Tennessee Williams and home of America's first state-supported women's university, the Mississippi University for Women.

Today, Columbus presides gracefully over the beauty of the past in a community greater than 25,000. More than 60 manufacturers are located in Columbus. One of the major locks of the Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway is located here, making Columbus an important trade center. The past and the future, delicately interwoven through the fabric of this great city, gleam together like the spring sun on the early morning Tombigbee.

COLUMBUS AIR FORCE BASE

Columbus Air Force Base began as an advanced twin-engine flying school during the rearming of America prior to World War II. The base set a standard of excellence from the start, with a world flying safety record of 24 million consecutive flying miles. The full panel attitude system on which present day instrument flying is based got its start here, as did the standardization of flying evaluation boards, used to evaluate instructor pilots. This earned the base national recognition in *The New York Times* and *Time* magazine, which cited a 44 percent decrease in the accident rate despite the fact that the number of students had doubled and the student-instructor ratio had increased.

A total of 7,766 students came to Columbus for pilot training during World War II to become flying officers in the United States Army Air Corps. AT-8s, AT-9s, AT-10s, and Lockheed Hudson A-29s were all used at different times during these early years.

The base was closed after the war and remained inactive until 1951 when it was reopened as a contract flying school to provide flight training for pilots during the Korean War. T-6s and P-18 Piper Cubs were used to train 3,000 student pilots who came to Columbus between 1951 and 1955.

Four years later, the base was transferred from Air Training Command (ATC) to Strategic Air Command (SAC). The base became home to a B-52 bomber squadron and a KC-135 tanker squadron in the late 1950s. Beginning in 1965, these units deployed to the Western Pacific in support of US military operations in Vietnam. The year of 1965 also brought the title “Best in SAC” as the 454th Bombardment Wing was recognized for outstanding unit skill bombing and navigation at the annual Fairchild Trophy competition.

A convergence of situations brought a close to the SAC years at Columbus Air Force Base. As the demand for pilots to support the war in Southeast Asia increased, the number of bombers stateside was reduced since B-52D models were needed abroad. At the same time, Minuteman and Polaris missiles were taking their places in the strategic deterrent forces.

In 1969 Columbus Air Force Base was returned to Air Training Command (now known as Air Education and Training Command) and resumed the mission for which it was originally activated—training the best pilots in the world. Since 1972 the host organization has been the 14th Flying Training Wing.

24-12 GRADUATES



2d Lt Kevyn M. Banda
San Diego, California
T-1 Simulator



1st Lt Mikaela C. Becker
Colorado Springs, Colorado
T-1 Simulator

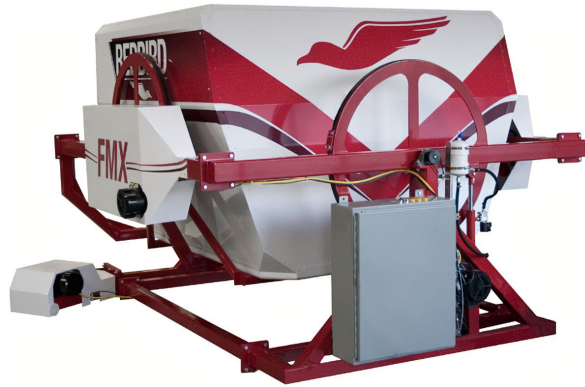


1st Lt Giuliano J. Daniel
Northville, Michigan
T-1 Simulator



24-12 GRADUATES

2d Lt Brockinton V. Gibson
Sanford, North Carolina
T-1 Simulator



24-12 GRADUATES

2d Lt Blake A. Harbison
Chapin, South Carolina
T-1 Simulator



Capt Cristopher C. Gossett
Aiken, South Carolina
T-1 Simulator



2d Lt Mark A. Hasl
Louisville, Kentucky
T-1 Simulator



2d Lt Michael W. Griffeth
Carmel, Indiana
T-1 Simulator



2d Lt Carson M. Heck
Cincinnati, Ohio
T-1 Simulator



24-12 GRADUATES

1st Lt Yohei Konno
Miyagi, Japan
T-38C Talon



24-12 GRADUATES

1st Lt Garrett C. Mackay
Scranton, Pennsylvania
T-1 Simulator



2d Lt Scott I. LeGwen
Troy, Michigan
T-1 Simulator



1st Lt Dillon M. Massey
White Lake, Michigan
T-38C Talon



1st Lt Dion Liong
Singapore
T-38C Talon

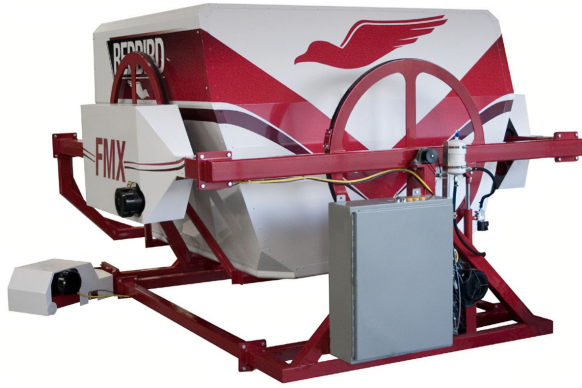


2d Lt Ryan D. Matzke
Silver Lake, Kansas
T-1 Simulator



24-12 GRADUATES

2d Lt David R. Muscalus
Hershey, Pennsylvania
T-1 Simulator



24-12 GRADUATES

Capt Ciprian N. Tanase
Romania
T-38C Talon



Capt Ariana G. Savino
Kent, Washington
T-1 Simulator



Capt Joshua B. Turner
Kansas City, Missouri
T-1 Simulator



2d Lt Braden R. Sherwood
Highland Village, Texas
T-38C Talon



2d Lt Micah R. Whitmire
Virginia Beach, Virginia
T-1 Simulator



24-12 GRADUATES



AIRCRAFT OF AIR FORCE UNDERGRADUATE AND GRADUATE PILOT TRAINING



T-6A: The T-6A “Texan II” is a single-engine, two-seat primary trainer designed to train Joint Primary Pilot Training students in basic flying skills common to U.S. Air Force and Navy pilots. Stepped-tandem seating in the single cockpit places one crewmember in front of the other, with the student and instructor positions being interchangeable. The T-6A has a turbo-prop engine that delivers 1,100 horsepower. Because of its excellent thrust-to-weight ratio, the aircraft can reach 18,000 feet (5,486.4 meters) in less than six minutes. The aircraft is fully aerobatic and features a pressurized cockpit with an anti-G system, ejection seat and an advanced avionics package with sunlight-readable liquid crystal displays. After completion of training in the T-6A, student pilots are awarded their USAF pilot wings.

AIRCRAFT OF AIR FORCE UNDERGRADUATE AND GRADUATE PILOT TRAINING



T-1A: The “Jayhawk” is an Air Force modified version of the civilian Beechjet 400A and is used to train future tanker and airlift pilots. The aircraft has advanced avionics, including a “glass” cockpit and a jump seat for a second student. The T-1A is well suited to teach new pilots the fundamentals of instrument flight, navigation, air refueling, formation airdrop, and crew resource management.



T-38C: Also known as the “Talon,” the T-38 is the advanced jet trainer of the USAF. With a top speed in excess of Mach 1.2, this aircraft is used to familiarize student pilots with the characteristics of modern jet fighter aircraft. The training curriculum for this aircraft emphasizes formation, navigation, and instruments.

AWARDS DESCRIPTION

Order of Daedalians AETC Commander’s Trophy:

This award is presented to the most outstanding graduate of the class from each track of training. The recipient of this award attained the highest overall rating in all facets of training.

Distinguished Graduate Award: The Distinguished Graduate award is presented to the students in the top 10% of their Phase II track.

AWARDS DESCRIPTION

Academic Award: The Academic Award is presented to the members of each graduating class who have achieved the highest academic average and is normally given to the graduate with the most number of correct answers on all tests in all phases of training.

Military Training Award: The Military Training Award is presented to the graduate whose leadership, personality, conduct, and bearing had the greatest positive influence on the class.

Flying Training Award: The Flying Training Award is presented to the individual who has obtained the highest flying average amongst members of his/her Phase II class. This graduate had the fewest number of mistakes made on check rides in all of Phase II.

Breaking of Wings

Since man started flying, he has taken to the air with a certain amount of risk. To counter that risk, a tradition was established years ago when the Army Air Corps first started issuing pilot wings to their young aviators. This tradition is called “Breaking of Wings.” At every SUPT graduation, the Air Force issues the pilots their first pair of wings. As tradition has it, that first pair of wings should never be worn by the pilot. To bring good luck, the pilot should break the wings into two parts. One half should be kept by the pilot, the other half should be given to the pilot’s best friend or relative. To preserve the good luck, the two halves should never be brought together while the pilot is still alive. After death, the two halves are once again united with the pilot for good fortune in the next life.





HIGH FLIGHT

*Oh, I have slipped the surly bonds of earth
And danced the skies on laughter-silvered wings;
Sunward I've climbed, and joined the tumbling mirth
Of sun-split clouds – and done a hundred things
You have not dreamed of – wheeled and soared and swung
High in the sunlit silence. Hov'ring there,
I've chased the shouting wind along, and flung
My eager craft through footless halls of air.
Up, up the long, delirious, burning blue
I've topped the windswept heights with easy grace
Where never lark or even eagle flew.
And while with silent, lifting mind I've trod
The high untrespassed sanctity of space,
Put out my hand, and touched the face of God.*

John Gillespie Magee, Jr

CONGRATULATIONS CLASS

24-12

